

by Provinces, 1929, or Latest Year Reported.

EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS.

Quebec.*	Ontario.	Manitoba.	Sask.	Alberta.	B.C.	Total.	No.
510,470 ¹	708,081 ²	150,517	227,263	161,235 ³	109,558	2,080,949	1
12,975 ⁴	74,797 ⁷	5,757 ⁸	1,890 ⁹	5,510 ¹⁰	12,272 ¹¹	122,671	2
1,950	2,003 ¹⁴	550 ¹⁵	2,677	803 ¹⁷	417 ¹⁸	9,926	3
(1,556) ¹⁹	3,897	2,307	2,031	1,472	3,144	15,347 ²⁰	4
740	440	113	79	54	83	1,743 ²¹	5
(2,904) ²²	9,792	1,608	409	2,692	620	18,600	6
59,185 ²³	6,406		2,053	3,615	769	74,238	7
24	2,500	382	377	244	4	4,821	8
3,782 ²⁴	6,890	1,022	1,830	164 ²⁵	175	14,330	9
10,894 ²⁷						10,894	10
5,576 ²⁸	2,010	448	194	31	276	9,128 ²⁶	11
6,211 ³⁰	11,614	3,487	1,225	1,356	2,190	28,870	12
611,783	828,430	166,191	240,028	177,176	129,508	2,387,057 ²²	
2,361,199	2,933,662	610,118	757,519	588,454	521,582	8,788,483	
		639,056	821,042	607,594			
547,927 ²⁵	614,397	137,532	207,120	146,889	97,088	1,948,858	13
63,116	163,356	25,386	29,725	27,086	24,497	363,119	14

degree courses which are included under items 11 and 12. ²⁰Excluding preparatory and short courses and such other figures as have already been included in items 10 and 11. ²¹All these are of university standard. ²²Excluding business colleges and Indian schools in Quebec and including Indian schools in N.W.T. and Yukon. ²³In calculating the numbers in elementary and secondary grades, night, special and part-time technical schools and schools for the blind and deaf are left out of the reckoning, except where the night schools were known to be high schools. The numbers in elementary grades in public and private ordinary schools also in Indian schools are known. Business college courses are assumed to be of secondary rank, also preparatory and short courses at universities and colleges, except in the case of certain affiliated schools in Ontario, where allowance was made for the number in elementary grades. The regular courses are clearly of higher grade than secondary. ²⁴Approximately. Since Grade VIII in New Brunswick included high school subjects, the enrolment in this grade (about 5,668) might be added to item 14 and deducted from item 13 in which case the number in elementary grades would read 74,278 and in secondary and higher grades 13,110. ²⁵Approximately.

*General Note.—

To avoid the confusion that would result from giving totals different from those given in the provincial reports the figures of 1928 are used throughout for Quebec. In all cases except the primary and nursery schools the figures of 1929 are also published in the provincial reports although the 1928 figures are used in making up their summary. The 1929 figures for each of the items in the above table except items 1 and 7 are as follows:—

Technical and night schools. (See item 2.)	10,062
Normal schools. (See item 5.)	1,921
Schools for the blind and deaf. (See item 5.)	689
Classical colleges. (See item 10.)	11,200
Short and special courses, etc. (See item 9.)	4,526
Affiliated colleges, etc. (See item 11.)	6,044
Universities. (See item 12.)	7,582 (Approx.)

Further, to avoid confusion, the short courses for teachers at universities and colleges are entered under item 9 instead of item 3. There were about 2,500 teachers in these short courses who might be added to the 9,926 in item 3 making about 12,500 in all in teacher-training. There were in all about 81,000 teachers and professors in Canada.